# DTSU666 Three-phase Smart Meter

# User Manual

ZTY0.464.1541

DTSU666 three phase Smart meter (Din-rail)	ZTY0.464.1541
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#### 1. Brief Introduction

#### 1.1. Main application & applicable range

DTSU666 three phase Smart meter (Din-rail) (hereinafter referred to as the "instrument") is designed based on power monitoring and energy metering demands for electric power system, communication industry, construction industry, etc. as a new generation of intelligent instrument combining measurement and communication function, mainly applied into the measurement and display for the electric parameters in the electric circuit including three voltage, three current, active power, reactive power, frequency, positive& negative energy, four-quadrant energy, etc. Adopting the standard DIN35mm din rail mounting and modular design, it is characterized with small volume, easy installation and easy networking, widely applied into the internal energy monitoring and assessment for industrial and mining enterprises, hotels, schools, large public buildings.

#### Complied standards:

IEC 61010-1:2010 《Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use Part1:General requirements》

IEC 61326-1:2020 《Electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use –EMC requirements Part1:General requirements》

MODUS-RTU protocol.

#### 1.2. Product Features

- 1) Characterized with positive and reverse active power, combined active power, combined reactive power, four quadrant reactive power metering and storage function with combination mode character can be set.
  - 2) RS485 communication interface, easy to exchange data with outside, MODUS-RTU protocol;
- 3) Adopting the standard DIN35mm din rail mounting and modular design, it is characterized with small volume, easy installation and easy networking.

#### 1.3. Model composition and meanings

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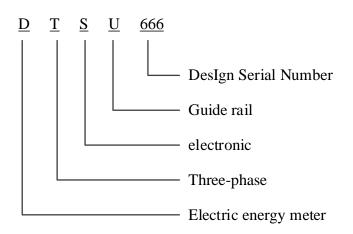


Figure 1 Model composition and meanings

## 1.4. types and specifications

Table 1 types and specifications

Referenced voltage	Current specification	constant	type	Accuracy grade
	100A/40mA	100A/40mA 400imp/kWh	Transformer access	Active power 1
3*230 /400V	250A/50mA		Transformer	Active power 1
		voltage specification  100A/40mA  3*230 /400V	voltage specification constant  100A/40mA 400imp/kWh  3*230 /400V	voltage specification constant type  100A/40mA 400imp/kWh access  3*230 /400V Transformer

\*Note: in order to prevail in kind

## 1.5. Temperature range

Operating temperature range:  $-25^{\circ}\text{C} \sim +70^{\circ}\text{C}$ ;

Relative humidity(Annually average): <75% non-condensing;

Atmospheric pressure:  $63.0\text{kPa} \sim 106.0\text{kPa}$  (altitude 4km and below), excepting the requirements for special orders.

## 2. Working Principle

## 2.1. Working Principle

The instrument are composed of high accurately integrated circuit specially for measurement

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(ASIC) and managing MCU, memory chip, RS485 communication module, etc.

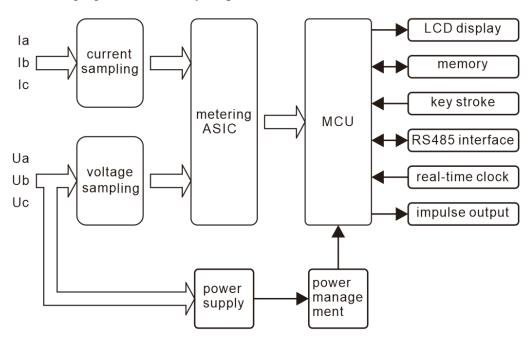


Figure 2 Working principle block

## 2.2. Principle for the main function module

The special metering integrated circuit (ASIC) integrated six load two order  $\Sigma$ - $\Delta$  type of A/D conversion, please take the digital signal processing measured by the voltage circuit as well as all the power, energy, effective values, power factor and frequency. This metering chip can measure the active power, reactive power, apparent power, active energy, reactive power, apparent energy of each phase and combined phase, and at the same time measuring current, voltage effective values, power factor, phase angle, frequency and other parameters, entirely satisfying the needs of power meter. The chip provides an SPI interface, convenient for metering parameters as well as parameter calibration between the management MCU.

#### 3. Main Technical Performance & Parameters

## 3.1. limit of error caused by the current augment

Table 2 The limit value of the active percentage error of meters on balanced load

			Perce	entage error li	mits
Meters for	Value of current	Power factor	for	meters of cla	SS
			Class C	Class B	Class A

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	$0.01I_{n} \le I < 0.05I_{n}$	1	±1.0	±1.5	±2.0
Connection through	$0.05I_n \le I \le I_{max}$	1	±0.5	±1.0	±1.2
current transformers	$0.02I_{n} \le I \le 0.1I_{n}$	0.5L、0.8C	±1.0	±1.5	±2.0
	$0.1I_{n} \leq I \leq I_{max}$	0.5L、0.8C	±1.0	±1.0	±1.2
	$0.05I_b \le I < 0.1I_b$	1	-	±1.5	±2.0
Direct connection	$0.1I_b \le I \le I_{max}$	1	-	±1.0	±1.2
Direct connection	$0.01I_b \le I < 0.2I_b$	0.5L、0.8C	-	±1.5	±2.0
	$0.2I_b \le I \le I_{max}$	0.5L、0.8C	-	±1.0	±1.2
Note	In: secondary rated current of the current transformer; Ib: calibrated current of the meter; L: inductive; C: capacitive;				

Table 3 The limit value of the reactive percentage error of meters on balanced load

Value of	Value of current		Percentage error limits for meters of class
Direct connection	Connection through current transformers	(inductive or capacitive )	Class A
$0.05I_{\rm b} \le I < 0.1I_{\rm b}$	$0.02I_{\rm n} \le I < 0.05I_{\rm n}$	1	±2.5
$0.1I_{\rm b} \le I \le I_{\rm max}$	$0.05I_{\rm n} \leq I \leq I_{\rm max}$	1	±2.0
$0.1I_{\rm b} \le I < 0.2I_{\rm b}$	$0.05I_{\rm n} \le I < 0.1I_{\rm n}$	0.5	±2.5
$0.2I_b \le I \le I_{\text{max}}$	$0.1I_n \le I \le I_{\text{max}}$	0.5	±2.0
$0.2I_b \le I \le I_{\text{max}}$	$0.1I_{\rm n} \le I \le I_{\rm max}$	0.25	±2.5

Table 4 The limit value of the reactive percentage error of meters on balanced load

Value of current		Power		centage err	
Direct connection	Connection through	factor	Class C	Class B	Class A
$0.1 I_b \le I \le I_{\text{max}}$	$0.05I_{\rm n} \leq I \leq I_{\rm max}$	1	±0.6	±2.0	±3.0
$0.2I_b \le I \le I_{\text{max}}$	$0.1I_n \leq I \leq I_{\text{max}}$	0.5L	±1.0	±2.0	±3.0

Table 5 The limit value of the reactive percentage error of meters on imbalanced load

Value o	Value of current		Percentage error limits
			for meters of class
Direct	Direct connection	Power factor	Class A
connection			Class A

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$0.1 I_b \le I \le I_{\text{max}}$	$0.05I_{\rm n} \leq I \leq I_{\rm max}$	1	±3.0
$0.2I_b \le I \le I_{\text{max}}$	$0.1I_n \leq I \leq I_{\text{max}}$	0.5	±3.0

#### 3.2. Starting and no-load condition

#### 3.2.1. Starting

Under the power factor of 1.0 and started current, the instrument can be started and continuously measure (for multiple phase instrument, it will bring balanced load). If the instrument is designed based on measurement for dual directional energy, then it is applicable for each direction of energy.

Class of meter Meters for Power factor Class C Class B Class A Direct connection 1  $0.004I_{b}$  $0.005I_{b}$ Connection through  $0.001I_{b}$  $0.002I_{b}$  $0.003I_{b}$ 1 current transformers

Table 6 start current

#### 3.2.2. Test of no-load condition

When the voltage is applied with no current flowing in the current circuit, the test output of the meter shall not produce more than one pulse.

For this test, the current circuit shall be open-circuit and a voltage of 115 % of the reference voltage shall be applied to the voltage circuits.

The minimum test period  $\Delta t$  shall be

$$\Delta t \ge \frac{600 \times 10^6}{k \cdot m \cdot U_n \cdot I_{\text{max}}} [\text{min}] \text{ for meters of class } 0.5 \text{S or } 1$$

$$\Delta t \ge \frac{480 \times 10^6}{k \cdot m \cdot U_n \cdot I_{\text{max}}} [\text{min}] \text{ for meters of class } 2$$

k is the number of pulses emitted by the output device of the meter per kilovarhour(imp/kvar·h); m is the number of measuring elements;

Un is the reference voltage in volts;

Imax is the maximum current in amperes.

#### 3.3. Electrical parameters

Table 7 Electrical parameters

Specified operating voltage range	0.9Un~1.1Un
Extended operating voltage range	0.8Un~1.15Un

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Limit voltage range of operation	0.0Un∼1	1.15Un
Power consumption of voltage	≤1.5W o	or 6VA
Dovum consumption of current	Ib<10A	≤0.2VA
Power consumption of current	Ib≥10A	≤0.4VA
Data storage time after power interruption	≥10 years	

Note: meters intended to be used indoors.

## 4. Key components adoption

Table 8 Key components adoption

Model	DTSU666
Metering chip	HT7036
Crystal oscillator	5.5296MHz,32.768kHz
D' ( 1 DCD	ZTY8.067.2267, ZTY8.067.3491,
Printed PCB	ZTY8.067.2288
Power transformer	EE19-0.9mH-B
Current transformer	HLX1

## 5. Main function

## 5.1. Display function

From the displayed interface, the electrical parameter and energy data are all primary side data (that is, the multiplied by current and voltage ratios). The energy measuring value will be displayed seven bits, with the displaying range from 0.00kWh to 9999999MWh.



Figure 3 display

Table 9 Display interface

No.	Display interface	Instruction	No.	Display interface	Instruction
1	Σ	Combined active energy	11	[ 5.002 A	Phase C current

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		=10000.00kWh				=5.002A
2	Imp. k W h	Positive active energy =10000.00kWh	12	PŁ	3.29 1 <sup>k</sup> w	Combined phase active power =3.291kW
3	Exp.	Reserve active energy =2345.67kWh	13	PA	1090 k	Phase A active power =1.090kW
4	n 1-9.500	Protocol: ModBus-RTU; address =001	14	Pb	<b> </b>	Phase B active power =1.101kW
5	NO.	Baudrate=9600 None parity, 1 stop bits	15	PE	<b>!  ∏∏</b> <sup>k</sup> W	Phase C active power =1.100kW
6	NU 5500°	Phase A voltage =220.0V	16	FŁ	0.500	Combined phase power factor PFt=0.500
7	NP 550 1	Phase B voltage =220.1V	17	FA	1000	Phase A power factor PFa=1.000
8	UC 220.2v	Phase C voltage =220.2V	18	Fb	0.500	Phase B power factor PFb=0.500
9	I A 5.000 A	Phase A current =5.000A	19	F[-	0.500	Phase C power factor PFc=-0.500
10	1 b 5.00 1 A	Phase B current =5.001A				

NOTE1: Combined active energy = Positive active energy + Reserve active energy  $_{\circ}$ 

NOTE2: The communication address of Modbus protocol is 1 decimal data ( $1 \sim 247$ ), and the factory default baud rate is 9600bps, N.8.1; E1 means even check 1 stop bit, O1 means odd check 1 stop bit Two stop bits, N1 means one stop bits without check;

NOTE3: The above interface is used to show the meaning of the display content. Due to the

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different functions of the instrument, the display symbols will increase or decrease.

NOTE4: When RS485 communicating, the telephone sign will flashes.

- 5.2. Programming function
- 5.2.1. Programming function

Table 10 Programming Parameter

Parameter	Value range	Description
		Current ratio, used for setting the input loop current ratio:
<b>-</b> ,		When the current is connected to the line via the transformer, Ct=the rated
[F	1~9999	current of the primary loop / the rated current of the secondary circuit;
		When the current is directly connected to the line, Ct shall be set as 1.
		Voltage ratio, used for setting the voltage ratio of the input loop;
п	0.1 000.0	When the voltage is connected to the line via the transformer, Pt= the rated
PŁ	0.1~999.9	voltage of the primary loop / the rated voltage of the secondary circuit;
		When the voltage is directly connected to the line, Pt shall be set as 1.0.
		Settings for communication stop bit and Parity bits:
п	1. 5	1: 645 mode; 2: None parity, 2 stop bits, n.2;
Prot	1~5	3: None parity, 1 stop bit, n.1; 4: Even parity, 1 stop bit, E.1;
		5: Odd parity, 1 stop bit, O.1;
	0: 1.200;	Communication baud rate:
	1: 2.400;	0: 1.200 bps; 1: 2.400 bps;
PBnq	2: 4.800;	2: 4.800 bps; 3: 9.600 bps;
	3: 9.600;	4: 19.200 bps(customization);
	4: 19.200;	
Rddr	1~247	Communication address
	0: n.34;	Option for wiring mode:
nΕŁ	1: n.33;	0: n.34 represents three phase four wire;
	1; 11.55;	1: n.33 represents three phase three wire.
[Lr.E	0:n0; 1:E	1: Clear Energy
PLu5	0:P; 1:Q;	Pulse output:
, , ,	0.1 , 1.Q;	0: actsive energy pulse; 1: reactive energy pulse; 2: Others.
d 15P	0~30	Display in turns(second)
ובי ט	0 - 30	0: Timely display: $1 \sim 30$ : Time interval of actual display.
b.L.C.d	0~30	Backlight lighting time control (minutes)
	0 30	0: Normally light; $1\sim30$ : backlight lighting time without button

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	operation

#### 5.2.2. Programming operation

Button description: "SET" button represents "confirmation", or "cursor shift" (when input digits), "ESC" button represents "exit", "→" (" ") button represents "add". The input code is (default 701).

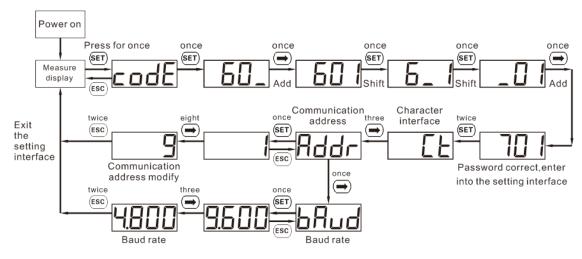


Figure 4 Setting examples for communication address and Baud Rate

When input digits, "" can be used as cursor " - "motion button; " "is "add" button, "

"is Exit the programming operation interface or switch to the character interface from digit modification interface, add from the beginning after setting the digit to the maximum value.

#### 5.3. Communication function

Characterized with a RS485 communication interface, the baud rate can be changed between 1200bps, 2400bps, 4800bps and 9600bps.

Factory default communication parameter is ModBus-RTU protocol, the baud rate is 9600bps, with the calibration bit and stop bit to be n.1, and the instrument address to be 1.

ModBus\_RTU protocol read command is 03H, write command is 10H.

Table 11 ModBus protocol address table

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0000H	REV.	Software Version	Signed	1	R
0001H	UCode	Programming code codE(1∼9999)	Signed	1	R/W
0002H	ELr.E	Energy reset CLr.E(1:energy clear)	Signed	1	R/W
0003Н	net	Network selection (0:three phase four wire,1:three phase three wire)	Signed	1	R/W
0006Н	IrRE	Current transformer rate IrAt(1∼9999)	Signed	1	R/W
0007Н	UrAL	Voltage transformer rate UrAt (*) (1~9999 represents voltage ratio 0.1~999.9)	Signed	1	R/W
000AH	Disp	Rotating display time (s)	Signed	1	R/W
000BH	B.LCD	Backlight time control (m)	Signed	1	R/W
000CH	Endian	Reserve	Signed	1	R/W
002CH	Protocol	Protocol switching (1:DL/T645;2:n.2;3:n.1;4:E.1;5:o.1)	Signed	1	R/W
002DH	ЬRud	Communication baud rate bAud (0:1200;1:2400;2:4800;3:9600;)	Signed	1	R/W
002EH	Rddr	Communication address Addr(1~247)	Signed	1	R/W
		Electricity data			
2000H	Uab		float	2	R
2002H	Ubc	Three phase line voltage data, Unit V(×0.1V)	float	2	R
2004H	Uca		float	2	R
2006Н	Ua	Three phase phase values date Unit VIV. (11)	float	2	R
2008H	Ub	Three phase phase voltage data, Unit V V(×0.1V)	float	2	R
200AH	Uc	(Invalid for three phase three wire)	float	2	R
200CH	Ia		float	2	R
200EH	Ib	Three phase current data, Unit A(×0.001A)	float	2	R
2010H	Ic		float	2	R
2012H	Pt	Combined active power, Unit W(×0.1W)	float	2	R
2014H	Pa	A phase active power, Unit W(×0.1W)	float	2	R
2016Н	Pb	B phase active power, Unit W(×0.1W)  (Invalid for three phase three wire)	float	2	R
2018H	Pc	C phase active power, Unit W(×0.1W)	float	2	R
201AH	Qt	Combined reactive power, Unit var(×0.1var)	float	2	R
201CH	Qa	A phase reactive power, Unit var(×0.1var)	float	2	R

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201EH	Qb	B phase reactive power, Unit var(×0.1var)  (Invalid for three phase three wire)	float	2	R
2020H	Qc	C phase reactive power, Unit var(×0.1var)	float	2	R
202AH	PFt	Combined power factor(positive number: inductive, negative number: capacitive) (×0.001)	float	2	R
202CH	PFa	A phase power factor(positive number: inductive, negative number: capacitive)  (Invalid for three phase three wire) (×0.001)	float	2	R
202EH	PFb	B phase power factor(positive number: inductive, negative number: capacitive) (Invalid for three phase three wire) (×0.001)	float	2	R
2030Н	PFc	C phase power factor(positive number: inductive, negative number: capacitive) (Invalid for three phase three wire) (×0.001)	float	2	R
2044H	Freq	Frequency, Unit Hz(×0.01Hz)	float	2	R
		Energy data			
101EH	ImpEp	(current) Total Forward active energy(kWh)	float	2	R
1020H	ImpEpA	(current) A Forward active energy(kWh)	float	2	R
1022H	ImpEpB	(current) B Forward active energy(kWh)	float	2	R
1024H	ImpEpC	(current) C Forward active energy(kWh)	float	2	R
1026H	NetImpEp	(current) Net Forward active energy(kWh)	float	2	R
1028H	ExpEp	(current) Total Reverse active energy(kWh)	float	2	R
102AH	ExpEp A	(current) A Reverse active energy(kWh)	float	2	R
102CH	ExpEp B	(current) B Reverse active energy(kWh)	float	2	R
102EH	ExpEp C	(current) C Reverse active energy(kWh)	float	2	R
1030H	NetExpEp	(current) Net Reverse active energy(kWh)	float	2	R

Note 1: Single-precision floating point adopts standard IEEE754 format, total 32 bit(4 word). The single-precision floating point mode is assumed to be ABCD(high type in the front, low byte behind).

- Note 2: The table only give the regular correspondence address. If you need the primary data address and other addresses, you can call for the detailed communication protocol Energy measurement function
  - 5.4. Energy measurement four quadrant

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The horizontal axis of the measurement plane represents the current vector I (fixed on the horizontal axis), and the instantaneous voltage vector is used to represent the current power transmission. Compared with the current vector I, it has phase angle $\varphi$ . The counter-clockwise direction  $\varphi$  angle is positive.

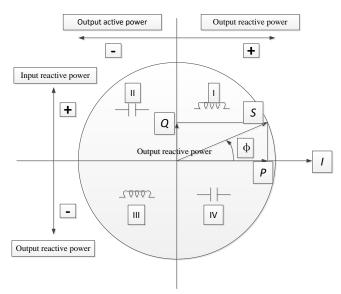


Figure 5 Measurement schematic diagram for energy four quadrants

## 6. Outline and installation size

Table 12 Installation size

Model	modulus	Outline size (length× width× height) mm	Installation size (din rail)
DTSU666	4	100×72×65	DIN35 din rail
DSSU666	4	100×72×65	UINSS (III) Fall

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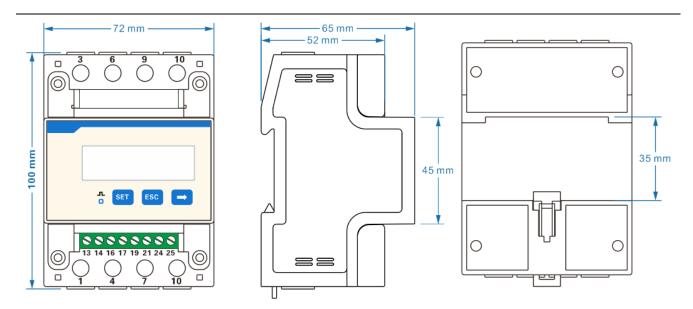


Figure 6 Outline size diagram

Note1: The undeclared tolerance is  $\pm 1$  mm.

Note2: only indicates the size, and the shape of different specifications is slightly different.

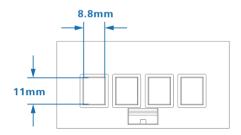


Figure 7 current cable terminal (Conductor Cross-sectional Area Range ≤16 mm²)

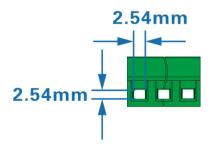


Figure 8 RS485 cable terminal (Conductor Cross-sectional Area Range 0.25-1mm2)

## 7. Installation and operation manual

## 7.1. Inspection Tips

When unpacking the carton, if the shell has obvious signs caused by severe impact or falling, please contact with the supplier as soon as possible.

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After the instrument being removed from the packing box, it should be placed on a flat and safe plane, facing up, not overlaying for more than five layers. If not installed or used in a short time, the electric meter shall be packed and placed to the original packing box for storage.

The waterproof and dustproof rating of the front panel of the Meter is IP51, it shall be used in the meter box meeting the requirements of IP51.

## 7.2. Installation and tips

#### 7.2.1. Installation and Inspection

If the model No or configuration in the original packing box is not in accordance with the requirement, please contact with the supplier. While, if the inner package or shell has been damaged after removing the instrument from the packing box, please do not install, power on the instrument, please contact with the supplier as soon as possible, instead.

#### 7.2.2. Installation

It requires experienced electrician or professional personnel to install it and you must read this operation manual. During the installation, if the shell has obvious damage or marks caused by violent impact or falling, please do not install it or power on and contact with the supplier as soon as possible.

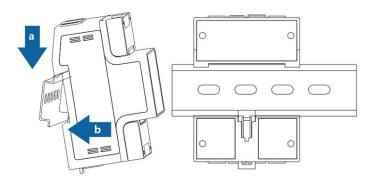


Figure 9 install picture

## 7.3. Typical wiring

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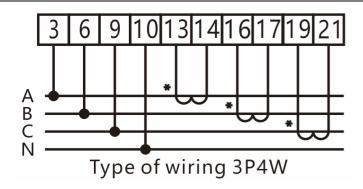


Figure 10 Three phase four wire: Connection through current transformers

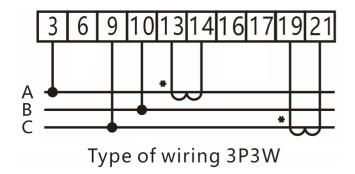


Figure 11 Three phase three wire: Connection through current transformers



Figure 12 RS485

_	T 7 1.	
•	Voltage	cional
•	Voltage	Signai

24-----A (RS485 Terminal A)

25-----B (RS485 Terminal B)

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NOTICE: In the Figure 10、11, the Phase A、Phase B、Phase C correspond to L1、L2、L3.

## 8. Diagnosis, analysis and elimination for common faults

Fault phenomenon	Reason analysis	Elimination	Note
No display when powered on	<ol> <li>Incorrect wiring</li> <li>Abnormal voltage for the instrument</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>If it is wrongly connected, please reconnect based on the right wiring mode (see the wiring diagram).</li> <li>If the supplied voltage is abnormal, please choose the specified voltage.</li> <li>If not the above problems, please contact with the local supplier.</li> </ol>	/
Abnormal RS485 communication	<ol> <li>RS485         communication cable         is opened, short         circuit or reversely         connected.</li> <li>Address, baud rate,         data bit and check bit         is not in accordance         with the host         computer.</li> <li>The end of RS485         communication cable         has not been matched         with resistance (when         the distance over than         100 meters)</li> <li>Not matched with the         communication         protocol order of the         host computer</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>If there is any problem with the communication cable, please change it.</li> <li>Set the address, baud rate, data bit and check bit through buttons and confirm it is the same with the host computer, then set the operation to be "parameter settings".</li> <li>If the communication distance is over than 100 meters, and the communication parameter settings are the same as the host computer, but cannot be communicated, then please lower the baud rate or add a resistance of 120Ω at the start terminal and ending terminal.</li> </ol>	/
Abnormal data for the electrical parameter	The transformer's ratio hasn't been set,	1. If setting the transformer ratio, please set the voltage ratio and	/
(voltage, current, power,	and the instrument	current ratio based on "parameter	

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etc.)	displays the secondary side data.  2. Wrong wiring.	setting"  2. If wrongly connected, please connect the voltage and current of phase A, B and C to the wiring terminal of the instrument.	
Abnormal data for the electrical parameter read by communication (voltage, current, power, etc.)	<ol> <li>Data read by communication is secondary side data, without transformer ratio.</li> <li>Wrong analysis for data frame</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Multiply the data read by communication with the voltage ratio and current ratio.</li> <li>Analyze the data frame based on the format of the communication protocol, please pay attention to the mode of the big and small end of data.</li> </ol>	/

## 9. Transportation & Storage

When transporting and unpacking the products, please confirm they are not severely impacted, transporting and storing based on Transportation, basic environmental conditions and testing methods for instrument and meters of JB/T9329-1999.

The instrument and accessories shall be stored in the dry and ventilated places, to avoid humidity and corrosive gas erosion, with the limited environmental temperature for storage to be -40°C $\sim$ +70°C and relative humidity not exceeding 85%.

#### 10. Maintenance & Service

We guarantee free reparation and change for the multi-meter if found any unconformity with the standard, under circumstance of that the users fully comply with this instructions and complete seal after delivery within 18 months.

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Dear clients,

Please assist us: when the product life is end, to protect our environment, please recycle the product or components, while for the materials that cannot be recycled, please also deal with it in a proper way. Really appreciate your cooperation and support.

## **DECLARATION**

- 1. The products, services or functions you purchase are all subject to the commercial contract and terms signed with our company. All or part of the products, services or functions described in this manual may not be included in the scope of the products you purchased.
- 2. Unless otherwise agreed in the contract, the company does not make any express or implied statement or guarantee for the contents of this manual.
- 3. The information in this manual is subject to change without notice.
- 4. The company is not responsible for any indirect losses caused by the provision, display or use of this information.

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